

# CEH v13 AI

(Certified Ethical Hacker)

Certification Training



## Course Highlights



**40-Hour**  
Instructor-led  
Training



**EC-Council**  
Authorized  
Partner



Practical Training  
on Latest Tools



Telegram  
Group for Exam  
Support



Hands-on Labs



**98%** Exam  
Pass Rate



Access to  
Recorded  
Sessions



Post Training  
Support till  
Exam



Career  
Guidance and  
Mentorship

# Tools Covered

## 1. Footprinting Tools

- ✓ Maltego
- ✓ Foca
- ✓ Recon-ng
- ✓ Google Dorks
- ✓ Whois
- ✓ theHarvester
- ✓ Shodan
- ✓ Dnsrecon
- ✓ Grecon
- ✓ Photon
- ✓ Sherlock
- ✓ Spiderfoot
- ✓ holehe

## 2. Scanning Tools

- ✓ Nmap
- ✓ Rustscan
- ✓ sx-Tool
- ✓ Colasoft Packet Builder
- ✓ Nessus
- ✓ OpenVAS
- ✓ QualysGuard
- ✓ Nikto
- ✓ Angry IP Scanner
- ✓ Hping3

## 3. Enumeration Tools

- ✓ Netcat
- ✓ SNMPCheck
- ✓ SNMPEnum
- ✓ Enum4Linux
- ✓ NbtScan
- ✓ SuperEnum
- ✓ RPCScan
- ✓ Dnsrecon

## 4. Vulnerability Assessment Tools

- ✓ Nessus
- ✓ OpenVAS
- ✓ QualysGuard
- ✓ Nikto
- ✓ Burp Suite
- ✓ W3af

## 5. System Hacking Tools

- ✓ Metasploit Framework
- ✓ Msfvenom
- ✓ Cain & Cabel
- ✓ John the Ripper
- ✓ Hydra
- ✓ Medussa

- ✓ Hashcat
- ✓ RainbowCrack
- ✓ Havoc
- ✓ PowerSploit
- ✓ Reverse-shell-generator
- ✓ L0phtCrack
- ✓ Winrtgen
- ✓ pwdump7
- ✓ Tanium Endpoint Management

## 6. Sniffing Tools

- ✓ Wireshark
- ✓ Tcpdump
- ✓ Ettercap
- ✓ Dsniff
- ✓ MITM
- ✓ Cain & Abel
- ✓ Macchange

## 7. Social Engineering Tools

- ✓ Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET)
- ✓ Dark-Phish
- ✓ Shellphish

## 8. Denial of Service Tools

- ✓ Slowloris
- ✓ LOIC
- ✓ HOIC

- ✓ UltraDDoS
- ✓ PyDDoS
- ✓ PyFlooder

## 9. Session Hijacking Tools

- ✓ CAIDO
- ✓ Hetty
- ✓ OWASP ZAP

## 10. Evading IDS, Firewall, and honeypots Tools

- ✓ Nmap
- ✓ Tcpreplay
- ✓ Snort
- ✓ Hping3
- ✓ Pfsense

## 11. Hacking Web Server Tools

- ✓ Ghost\_eye
- ✓ Impacket
- ✓ Ncat
- ✓ NMAP
- ✓ Httprecon
- ✓ ID Serve

## 12. Web Application Hacking Tools

- ✓ OWASP ZAP
- ✓ Burp Suite
- ✓ SQLmap
- ✓ Wapiti
- ✓ Nikto
- ✓ DirBuster
- ✓ Wpscan
- ✓ Skipfish
- ✓ PwnXSS
- ✓ Dirsearch
- ✓ ClickjackPOC

## 13. SQL Injection Tools

- ✓ DSSS
- ✓ ghauri
- ✓ SQLmap

## 14. Hacking Wireless Networks Tools

- ✓ Sparrow-wifi
- ✓ Airodump-ng
- ✓ Aircrack-ng

## 15. Hacking Mobile Platforms Tools

- ✓ AndroRAT
- ✓ PhoneSploit-Pro
- ✓ LOIC

## 16. IoT and OT Tools

- ✓ Bevywise IoT Simulator

## 17. AI Tools

- ✓ ShellGPT
- ✓ Tranis AI
- ✓ Malware.AI
- ✓ ChatGPT
- ✓ DeepfakeVFX
- ✓ SmartScanner
- ✓ OSS Insight
- ✓ DeepExploit
- ✓ Hoodem

## About Course

The **Certified Ethical Hacker (CEH v13)** training program is designed to equip professionals with the essential skills to become proficient in ethical hacking and cybersecurity.

The **v13 version** introduces a robust integration of **AI-powered technologies** and advanced techniques to enhance the learning experience and effectiveness of ethical hacking strategies.

Through hands-on labs, real-world simulations, and cutting-edge AI-driven tools, participants will become proficient in ethical hacking techniques and critical cybersecurity practices for defending against traditional and modern AI-powered threats.

## Course Objectives

- ✓ Ethical hacking fundamentals, cyber kill chain concepts, an overview of information security and security measures with AI-enhanced threat detection and response.
- ✓ Concepts, methodologies, and tools of footprinting using AI for automated information gathering and reconnaissance.
- ✓ Concepts of vulnerability assessment, its categories and strategies, and AI-driven exposure to technologies used in the industry.
- ✓ Social engineering concepts and terminologies, including identity theft, impersonation, insider threats, social engineering techniques, and AI-based countermeasures.
- ✓ Operational Technology (OT) essentials, threats, attack methodologies, and AI-powered attack prevention.
- ✓ Recognizing vulnerabilities in IoT and ensuring the safety of IoT devices using AI-based security solutions.
- ✓ Encryption algorithms, Public Key Infrastructure (PKI), cryptographic attacks, cryptanalysis, and enhanced cryptographic defense.
- ✓ Cloud computing, threats and security, AI-driven container technology, and serverless computing security measures.

## Target Audience

- ✓ Security Analysts
- ✓ Ethical Hackers
- ✓ System Administrators
- ✓ Network Administrators
- ✓ Network and Security Engineers
- ✓ Cyber Security Managers
- ✓ Information Security Auditors
- ✓ Security Professionals

## Pre-Requisites

- ✓ Basic understanding of network essentials and core concepts, including server and network components.

## Exam Information

Certification Name	C EH v13 (MCQ Exam)	C EH v13 (Practical Exam)
Exam Format	Multiple Choice Questions	iLabs Cyber Range
Number of Questions	125 Questions	20 Questions
Exam Duration	240 Minutes	360 Minutes
Passing Score	60-80%	70%
Exam Delivery	VUE / ECCEXAM	-

# Course Content

## Module 1 Introduction to Ethical Hacking

### ✓ Information Security Overview

- ✓ Elements of Information Security
- ✓ Information Security Attacks
  - Motives (Goals)
  - Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (TTPs)
  - Vulnerability
- ✓ Classification of Attacks
- ✓ Information Warfare

### ✓ Hacking Concepts

- ✓ What is Hacking?
- ✓ Who is a Hacker and their Motivations?

### ✓ Ethical Hacking Concepts

- ✓ What is Ethical Hacking?
- ✓ Why is Ethical Hacking necessary?
- ✓ Scope and limitations of Ethical Hacking
- ✓ Skills of an Ethical Hacker
- ✓ AI-Driven Ethical Hacking
- ✓ How AI-Driven Ethical Hacking helps Ethical Hackers?
- ✓ Myth: AI will replace Ethical Hackers
- ✓ ChatGPT-Powered AI Tool

## ✓ Hacking Methodologies and Frameworks

- ✓ CEH Ethical Hacking Framework
- ✓ Cyber Kill Chain Methodology
- ✓ Adversary Behavioral Identification
- ✓ Indicators of Compromise (IoCs)
- ✓ MITRE ATT&CK Framework
- ✓ Diamond Model of Intrusion Analysis

## ✓ Information Security Controls

- ✓ Information Assurance (IA)
- ✓ Continual/Adaptive Security Strategy
- ✓ Defense-in-Depth
- ✓ What is Risk?
- ✓ Risk Management
- ✓ Cyber Threat Intelligence
- ✓ Threat Intelligence Lifecycle
- ✓ Threat Modeling
- ✓ Incident Management
- ✓ Incident Handling and Response
- ✓ Role of AI and ML in Cyber Security

## ✓ Information Security Laws and Standards

- ✓ Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS)
- ✓ ISO/IEC Standards
- ✓ Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)
- ✓ Sarbanes Oxley Act (SOX)
- ✓ The Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA)
- ✓ The Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA)
- ✓ General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
- ✓ Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA)
- ✓ Cyber Law in different Countries

## Module 2    Footprinting and Reconnaissance

### ✓ Footprinting Concepts

- ✓ Reconnaissance
  - Types of Footprinting/Reconnaissances
- ✓ Information obtained in Footprinting
- ✓ Objectives of Footprinting
- ✓ Footprinting Threats
- ✓ Footprinting Methodology

### ✓ Footprinting through Search Engines

- ✓ Footprinting using Advanced Google Hacking Techniques
  - What can a Hacker do with Google Hacking?
  - Footprinting using Advanced Google Hacking Techniques with AI
  - Google Hacking Database
- ✓ VPN Footprinting through Google Hacking Database with AI
  - VPN Footprinting through Google Hacking Database with AI
- ✓ Footprinting through SHODAN Search Engine
- ✓ Other Techniques for Footprinting through Search Engines

## **Footprinting through Internet Research Services**

- ✓ Finding a Company's Top-Level Domains (TLDs) and Sub-domains with AI
- ✓ Extracting website information from <https://archive.org>
- ✓ Footprinting through People Search Services
- ✓ Footprinting through Job Sites
- ✓ Dark Web Footprinting
  - Searching the Dark Web with Advanced Search Parameters
- ✓ Determining the Operating System
- ✓ Competitive Intelligence Gathering
  - When did this company begin?
  - How did it develop?
  - What are the company's plans?
  - What expert opinions say about the company?
- ✓ Other Techniques for Footprinting through Internet Research Services

## **Footprinting through Social Networking Sites**

- ✓ People Search on Social Networking Sites
- ✓ Gathering information from LinkedIn
- ✓ Harvesting Email lists with AI
- ✓ Analyzing Target Social Media Presence
  - Tools for Footprinting through Social Networking Sites
  - Footprinting through Social Networking Sites with AI

### ✓ Whois Footprinting

- ✓ Whois Lookup
- ✓ Finding IP Geolocation Information

### ✓ DNS Footprinting

- ✓ Extracting DNS Information
- ✓ DNS Lookup with AI
- ✓ Reverse DNS Lookup

### ✓ Network and Email Footprinting

- ✓ Locate the Network Range
- ✓ Traceroute with AI
  - Traceroute Analysis
  - Traceroute Tools
- ✓ Tracking Email Communications
  - Collecting information from Email Header
  - Email Tracking Tools

### ✓ Footprinting through Social Engineering

- ✓ Collecting information through Social Engineering on Social Networking Sites
- ✓ Collecting information using Eavesdropping, Shoulder Surfing, Dumpster Diving, and Impersonation

### ✓ Footprinting Tasks using Advanced Tools and AI

- ✓ AI-Powered OSINT Tools
- ✓ Create and run custom Python Script to automate Footprinting Tasks with AI

### ✓ Footprinting Countermeasures

## Module 3 Scanning Networks

### ✓ Network Scanning Concepts

- ✓ Overview of Network Scanning
- ✓ TCP Communication Flags
- ✓ TCP/IP Communication

### ✓ Scanning Tools

### ✓ Host Discovery

- ✓ Host Discovery Techniques
  - ARP Ping Scan
  - UDP Ping Scan
  - ICMP ECHO Ping Scan
  - ICMP ECHO Ping Sweep
  - ICMP Timestamp Ping Scan
  - ICMP Address Mask Ping Scan
  - TCP SYN Ping Scan
  - TCP ACK Ping Scan
  - IP Protocol Ping Scan
  - Host Discovery with AI
  - Ping Sweep Tools

## ✓ Port and Service Discovery

- ✓ Port Scanning Techniques
- ✓ TCP Connect/Full-Open Scan
  - Stealth Scan (Half-Open Scan)
  - Inverse TCP Flag Scan
  - Xmas Scan
  - TCP Maimon Scan
  - ACK Flag Probe Scan
  - IDLE/PIPD Header Scan
  - UDP Scan
  - SCTP INIT Scan
  - SCTP COOKIE ECHO Scan
  - SSDP and List Scan
  - IPv6 Scan
  - Port Scanning with AI
  - Service Version Discovery with AI
  - Nmap Scan Time Reduction Techniques

## ✓ OS Discovery (Banner Grabbing/OS Fingerprinting)

- ✓ OS Discovery/Banner Grabbing
- ✓ How to Identify Target System OS
  - OS Discovery using Nmap and Unicornscan
  - OS Discovery using Nmap Script Engine
  - OS Discovery using IPv6 Fingerprinting
  - OS Discovery with AI
- ✓ Create and run Custom Script to automate Network Scanning Tasks with AI

## ✓ Scanning Beyond IDS and Firewall

- ✓ Packet Fragmentation
- ✓ Source Routing

## ✓ Source Port Manipulation

- ✓ IP Address Decoy
- ✓ IP Address Spoofing
- ✓ MAC Address Spoofing
- ✓ Creating Custom Packets
- ✓ Randomizing Host Order and Sending Bad Checksums
- ✓ Proxy Servers
  - Proxy Chaining
  - Proxy Tools
- ✓ Anonymizers
  - Censorship Circumvention Tools

## ✓ Network Scanning Countermeasures

- ✓ Ping Sweep Countermeasures
- ✓ Port Scanning Countermeasures
- ✓ Banner Grabbing Countermeasures
- ✓ IP Spoofing Detection Techniques
- ✓ IP Spoofing Countermeasures
- ✓ Scanning Detection and Prevention Tools

## Module 4 Enumeration

### ✓ Enumeration Concepts

- ✓ What is Enumeration?
- ✓ Techniques for Enumeration
- ✓ Services and Ports to Enumerate

### ✓ NetBIOS Enumeration

- ✓ NetBIOS Enumeration Tools
- ✓ Enumerating User Accounts
- ✓ Enumerating Shared Resources using Net View
- ✓ NetBIOS Enumeration using AI

### ✓ SNMP Enumeration

- ✓ Working of SNMP
- ✓ Management Information Base (MIB)
- ✓ Enumerating SNMP using SnmpWalk and Nmap
- ✓ Enumerating SNMP using Nmap
- ✓ SNMP Enumeration Tools
- ✓ SNMP Enumeration with SnmpWalk and Nmap using AI

### ✓ LDAP Enumeration

- ✓ Manual and Automated LDAP Enumeration
- ✓ LDAP Enumeration Tools

### ✓ NTP and NFS Enumeration

- ✓ NTP Enumeration
- ✓ NTP Enumeration Commands and Tools
- ✓ NFS Enumeration
- ✓ NFS Enumeration Tools

## ✓ SMTP and DNS Enumeration

- ✓ SMTP Enumeration
- ✓ SMTP Enumeration using Nmap
- ✓ SMTP Enumeration using Metasploit
- ✓ SMTP Enumeration Tools
- ✓ SMTP Enumeration using AI
- ✓ DNS Enumeration using Zone Transfer
- ✓ DNS Cache Snooping
- ✓ DNSSEC Zone Walking
- ✓ DNS Enumeration using OWASP Amass
- ✓ DNS and DNSSEC Enumeration using Nmap
- ✓ DNS Enumeration with Nmap using AI
- ✓ DNS Cache Snooping using AI

## ✓ Other Enumeration Techniques

- ✓ IPsec Enumeration with AI
- ✓ VoIP Enumeration
- ✓ RPC Enumeration
- ✓ Unix/Linux User Enumeration
- ✓ SMB Enumeration with AI
- ✓ Create and run Custom Script to automate Network Enumeration Tasks with AI

## ✓ Enumeration Countermeasures

## Module 5 Vulnerability Analysis

### ✓ Vulnerability Assessment Concepts

#### ✓ Vulnerability Classification

- Misconfigurations/Weak Configurations
- Application Flaws
- Poor Patch Management
- Design Flaws
- Third-Party Risks
- Default Installations/Default Configurations
- Operating System Flaws
- Default Passwords
- Zero-Day Vulnerabilities
- Legacy Platform Vulnerabilities
- System Sprawl/Undocumented Assets
- Improper Certificate and Key Management

#### ✓ Vulnerability Scoring Systems and Databases

- Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS)
- Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE)
- National Vulnerability Database (NVD)
- Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE)

#### ✓ Vulnerability-Management Life Cycle

- Pre-assessment Phase
- Vulnerability Assessment Phase
- Post-Assessment Phase

- ✓ Vulnerability Research
  - Resources for Vulnerability Research
- ✓ Vulnerability Scanning and Analysis
  - Types of Vulnerability Scanning

## ✓ Vulnerability Assessment Tools

- ✓ Comparing Approaches to Vulnerability Assessment
- ✓ Characteristics of a good Vulnerability Assessment Solution
- ✓ Working of Vulnerability Scanning Solutions
- ✓ Types of Vulnerability Assessment Tools
- ✓ Choosing a Vulnerability Assessment Tool
- ✓ Criteria for choosing a Vulnerability Assessment Tool
- ✓ Best Practices for selecting Vulnerability Assessment Tools
- ✓ Vulnerability Assessment Tools
  - Nessus Essentials
  - GFI LanGuard
  - OpenVAS
  - Nikto
  - Qualys Vulnerability Management
- ✓ AI-Powered Vulnerability Assessment Tools
- ✓ Vulnerability Assessment using AI
- ✓ Vulnerability Scan using Nmap with AI
- ✓ Vulnerability Assessment using Python Script with AI
- ✓ Vulnerability Scan using Skipfish with AI

## ✓ Vulnerability Assessment Reports

- ✓ Components of a Vulnerability Assessment Report

**Module 6** **System Hacking** **Gaining Access** **Cracking Passwords**

- Microsoft Authentication
- How Hash Passwords are stored in Windows SAM?
- Tools to extract the Password Hashes
- NTLM Authentication Process
- Kerberos Authentication
- Password Cracking
- Types of Password Attacks
  - Non-Electronic Attacks
  - Active Online Attacks
  - Other Active Online Attacks
  - Passive Online Attacks
  - Offline Attacks
- Password Recovery Tools
- Password-Cracking Tools
- Password Salting
- How to Defend Against Password Cracking
- How to Defend Against LLMNR/NBT-NS Poisoning
- Tools to Detect LLMNR/NBT-NS Poisoning
- Detecting SMB Attacks against Windows

 **Vulnerability Exploitation**

- Exploit Sites
- Windows Exploit Suggester – Next Generation (WES-NG)
- Metasploit Framework

- Exploit Sites
- Windows Exploit Suggester – Next Generation (WES-NG)
- Metasploit Framework
- Metasploit Modules
- AI-Powered Vulnerability Exploitation Tools
- Buffer Overflow
  - Types of Buffer Overflow
  - Simple Buffer Overflow in C
  - Windows Buffer Overflow Exploitation
- Return-Oriented Programming (ROP) Attack
- Bypassing ASLR and DEP Security Mechanisms
- Heap Spraying
- IT Spraying
- Exploit Chaining
- Domain Mapping and Exploitation with BloodHound
- Post AD Enumeration using PowerView
- Identifying insecurities using GhostPack Seatbelt
- Buffer Overflow Detection Tools
- Defending Against Buffer Overflow

## ✓ Escalating Privileges

- ✓ Privilege Escalation
- ✓ Privilege Escalation using DLL Hijacking
- ✓ Privilege Escalation by Exploiting Vulnerabilities
- ✓ Privilege Escalation using DLL Injection
- ✓ Privilege Escalation using Spectre and Meltdown Vulnerabilities
- ✓ Privilege Escalation using Named Pipe Impersonation
- ✓ Privilege Escalation by Exploiting Misconfigured Services
- ✓ Pivoting and Relaying to Hack External Machines

- ✓ Privilege Escalation using Misconfigured NFS
- ✓ Privilege Escalation by Bypassing User Account Control (UAC)
- ✓ Privilege Escalation by Abusing Boot or Logon Initialization Scripts
- ✓ Privilege Escalation by Modifying Domain Policy
- ✓ Privilege Escalation by Modifying Other Domain Controllers Group Policies
- ✓ Privilege Escalation by Abusing Active Directory Certificate Services (AD CS)
- ✓ Other Privilege Escalation Techniques
- ✓ Privilege Escalation Tools
- ✓ How to Defend Against Privilege Escalation
  - Tools for defending against DLL and Dylib Injection
  - Defending against Spectre and Meltdown Vulnerabilities
  - Tools for detecting Spectre and Meltdown Vulnerabilities

## ✓ Maintaining Access

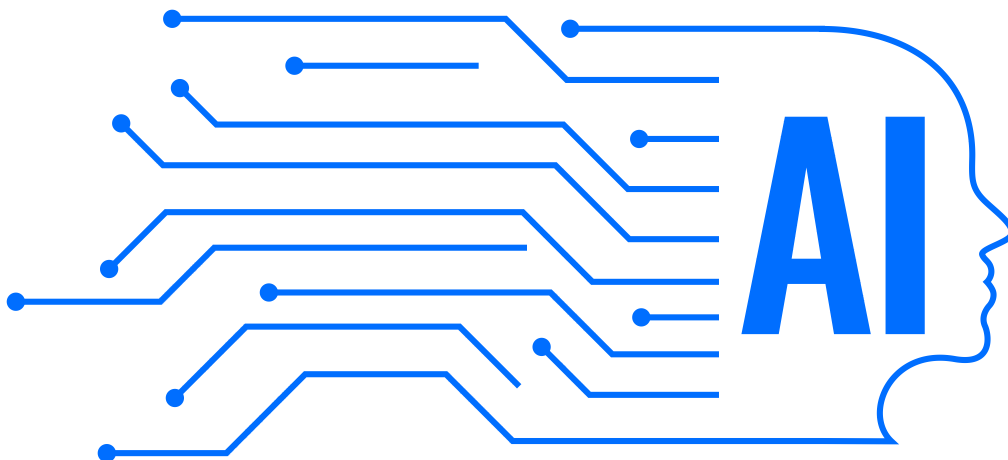
- ✓ Executing Applications
  - Remote Code Execution Techniques
  - Keyloggers
    - Types of Keystroke Loggers
    - Remote Keylogger Attacks Using Metasploit
    - Hardware Keyloggers
    - Keyloggers for Windows
    - Keyloggers for macOS
    - How to defend against Keyloggers

- Anti-Keyloggers
- Spyware
  - Spyware Tools
  - Types of Spyware
  - How to defend against Spyware
- Anti-Spyware
- ✓ Hiding Files
  - Rootkits
    - Types of Rootkits
    - How a Rootkit works
    - Popular Rootkits
    - Steps for detecting Rootkits
    - How to defend against Rootkits
    - Anti-Rootkits
  - NTFS Data Streams
    - How to create NTFS Streams
    - NTFS Stream Manipulation
    - How to defend against NTFS Streams
    - NTFS Stream Detectors
  - What is Steganography?
    - Classification of Steganography
    - Types of Steganography based on Cover Medium
    - Whitespace Steganography
    - Image Steganography
    - Document Steganography
    - Video Steganography
    - Audio Steganography

- Audio Steganography
- Folder Steganography
- Spam/Email Steganography
- Other Types of Steganography
- Steganalysis
- Steganalysis Methods/Attacks on Steganography
- Detecting Steganography (Text, Image, Audio, and Video Files)
- Steganography Detection Tools
- ✓ Establishing Persistence
  - Maintaining Persistence using Windows Sticky Keys
  - Maintaining Persistence by abusing Boot or Logon Autostart Executors
  - Domain Dominance through different Paths
    - Remote Code Execution
    - Abusing Data Protection API (DPAPI)
    - Malicious Replication
    - Skeleton Key Attack
    - Golden Ticket Attack
    - Silver Ticket Attack
  - Maintain Domain Persistence through AdminSDHolder
  - Maintaining Persistence through WMI Event Subscription
  - Overpass-the-Hash Attack
  - Linux Post-Exploitation
  - Windows Post-Exploitation
  - How to defend against Persistence Attacks

## ✓ Clearing Logs

- ✓ Covering Tracks
- ✓ Disabling Auditing: Auditpol
- ✓ Clearing Logs
- ✓ Manually clearing Event Logs
- ✓ Ways to clear Online Tracks
- ✓ Covering BASH Shell Tracks
- ✓ Covering Tracks on a Network
- ✓ Covering Tracks on an OS
- ✓ Disable File using Cipher.exe
- ✓ Disable Windows Functionality
- ✓ Deleting Windows Activity History
- ✓ Deleting Incognito History
- ✓ Hiding Artifacts in Windows, Linux, and macOS
- ✓ Anti-Forensics Techniques
- ✓ Track-Covering Tools
- ✓ Defending against Covering Tracks



**Module 7 Malware Threats****✓ Malware Concepts**

- ✓ Introduction to Malware
  - Different ways for Malware to enter a system
  - Common techniques Attackers use to distribute Malware on the Web
- ✓ Components of Malware
- ✓ Potentially Unwanted Application or Applications (PUAs)
  - Adware

**✓ APT Concepts**

- ✓ What are Advanced Persistent Threats?
  - Characteristics of Advanced Persistent Threats
  - Advanced Persistent Threat Lifecycle

**✓ Trojan Concepts**

- ✓ What is a Trojan?
- ✓ How Hackers use Trojans
- ✓ Common Ports used by Trojans
- ✓ Types of Trojans
  - Remote Access Trojans
  - Backdoor Trojans
  - Rootkit Trojans
  - Botnet Trojans
  - E-banking Trojans
    - Working of E-banking Trojans
    - E-banking Trojan: CHAVECLOAK

- Point-of-Sale Trojans
- Defacement Trojans
- Service Protocol Trojans
- Mobile Trojans
- IoT Trojans
- Security Software Disabler Trojans
- Destructive Trojans
- DDoS Trojans
- Command Shell Trojans
- ✓ How to Infect Systems using a Trojan
  - Creating a Trojan
  - Deploying a Dropper or Downloader
  - Employing a Wrapper
  - Employing a Crypter
  - Propagating and Deploying a Trojan
  - Deploying a Trojan through Email Channels
  - Deploy a Trojan through Covert Channels
  - Deploying a Trojan through Proxy Servers
  - Deploying a Trojan through USB/Flash Drives
  - Techniques for Evading Antivirus Software
  - Exploit Kits

## ✓ Viruses and Worms

- ✓ Introduction to Viruses
  - Stages of Virus Lifecycle
  - Working of Viruses
- ✓ How does a Computer get Infected by Viruses?
- ✓ Types of Viruses
  - System or Boot Sector Viruses
  - File Viruses
  - Multipartite Viruses
  - Macro Viruses
  - Cluster Viruses
  - Stealth Viruses/Tunneling Viruses
  - Encrypted Viruses
  - Polymorphic Viruses
  - Metamorphic Viruses
  - Overwriting File or Cavity Viruses
  - Companion/Camouflage Viruses
  - Shell Viruses
  - File Extension Viruses
  - FAT Viruses
  - Logic Bomb Viruses
  - Web Scripting Viruses
  - E-mail Viruses
  - Armored Viruses
  - Add-on Viruses
  - Intrusive Viruses
  - Direct Action or Transient Viruses
  - Terminate and Stay Resident (TSR) Viruses

- ✓ How to infect Systems using a Virus
  - Propagating and Deploying a Virus
  - Virus Hoaxes
  - Fake AntiVirus
- ✓ Ransomware
  - How to infect Systems using a Ransomware: Creating Ransomware
- ✓ Computer Worms
  - How to infect Systems using a Worm
  - Worm Makers

### ✓ Fileless Malware Concepts

- ✓ What is Fileless Malware?
  - Taxonomy of Fileless Malware Threats
- ✓ How does Fileless Malware Work?
- ✓ Launching Fileless Malware through Document Exploits/In-Memory Exploits/ Script-based Injection/Exploiting System Admin Tools/Phishing/ Windows Registry/
- ✓ Fileless Malware Obfuscation Techniques to Bypass Antivirus

### ✓ AI-based Malware Concepts

- ✓ What is AI-based Malware?
  - Working of AI-based Malware
- ✓ Indicators of AI-based Malware
- ✓ Challenges of AI-based Malware
- ✓ Techniques used in AI-based Malware Development
  - Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs)
  - Reinforcement Learning
  - Natural Language Processing (NLP)

- ✓ Examples of AI-based Malware
  - AI-Generated Videos: Malware spread through YouTube

## ✓ Malware Analysis

- ✓ What is a Sheep Dip Computer?
- ✓ Antivirus Sensor Systems
- ✓ Malware Analysis Procedure
- ✓ Preparing Testbed
- ✓ Static Malware Analysis
  - File Fingerprinting
  - Local and Online Malware Scanning
  - Performing Strings Search
  - Identifying Packing/Obfuscation Methods
  - Finding the Portable Executables (PE) Information
  - Identifying File Dependencies
  - Malware Disassembly
  - Analyzing ELF Executable Files
  - Analyzing Mach Object (Mach-O) Executable Files
  - Analyzing Malicious MS Office Documents
  - Analyzing Suspicious PDF Document
  - Analyzing Suspicious Documents using YARA
- ✓ Dynamic Malware Analysis
  - Port Monitoring
  - Process Monitoring
  - Registry Monitoring
  - Windows Services Monitoring
  - Startup Programs Monitoring
  - Event Logs Monitoring/Analysis
  - Installation Monitoring
  - Files and Folders Monitoring

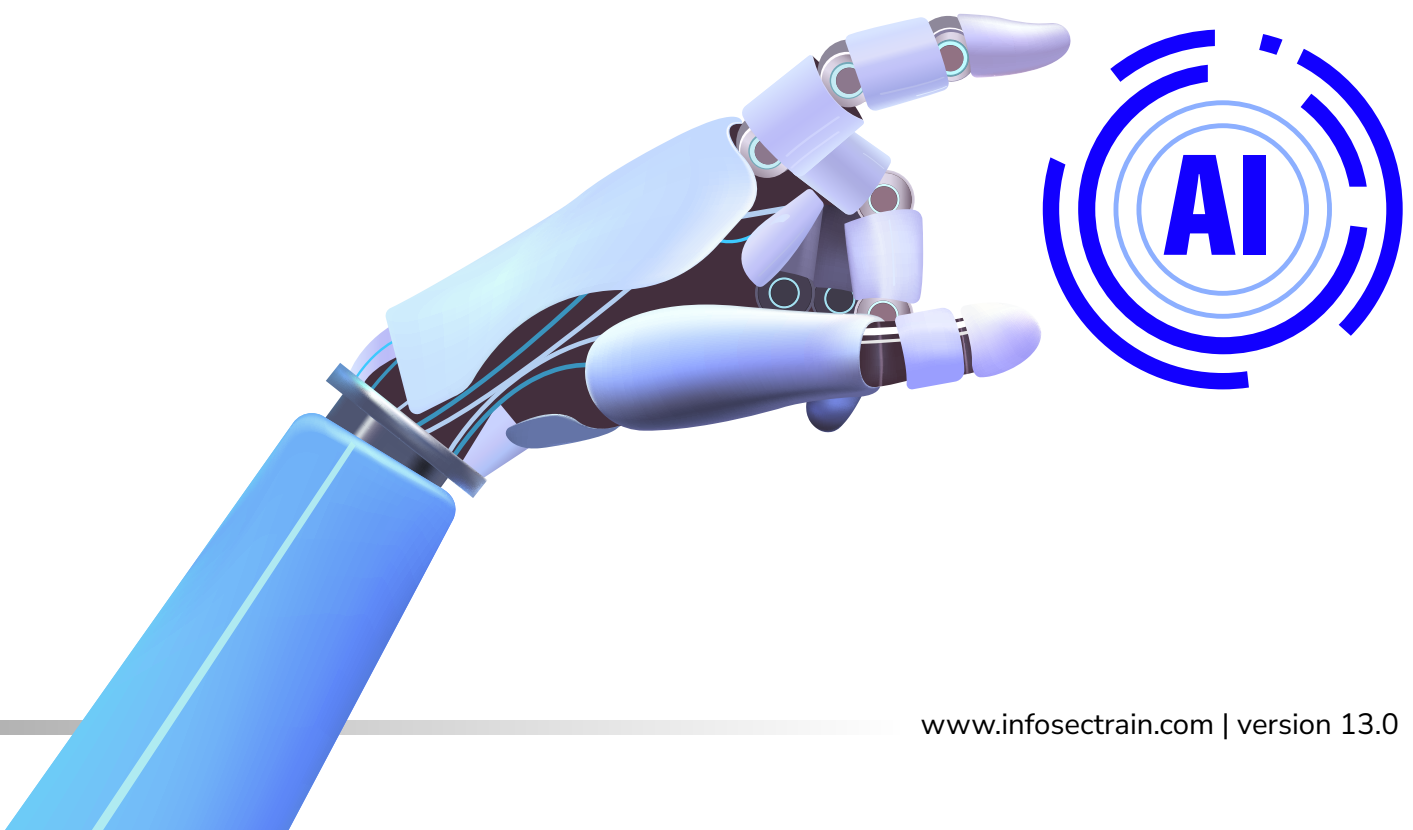
- Device Drivers Monitoring
- Network Traffic Monitoring/Analysis
- DNS Monitoring/Resolution
- API Calls Monitoring
- System Calls Monitoring
- Scheduled Tasks Monitoring
- Browser Activity Monitoring
- ✓ Virus Detection Methods
- ✓ Malware Code Emulation
- ✓ Malware Code Instrumentation
- ✓ Trojan Analysis: Coyote
  - Coyote Malware Attack Phases
- ✓ Virus Analysis: GhostLocker 2.0
  - GhostLocker 2.0 Malware Attack Phases
- ✓ Fileless Malware Analysis: PyLoose
  - PyLoose Malware Attack Phases
- ✓ AI-based Malware Analysis: FakeGPT
  - FakeGPT Malware Attack Phases

## **Malware Countermeasures**

- ✓ Trojan Countermeasures
- ✓ Backdoor Countermeasures
- ✓ Virus and Worm Countermeasures
- ✓ Fileless Malware Countermeasures
- ✓ AI-based Malware Countermeasures
- ✓ Adware Countermeasures
- ✓ APT Countermeasures

## ✓ Anti-Malware Software

- ✓ Anti-Trojan Software
- ✓ Antivirus Software
- ✓ Fileless Malware Detection Tools
- ✓ Fileless Malware Protection Tools
- ✓ AI-Powered Malware Detection and Analysis Tools
- ✓ Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR/XDR) Tools



**Module 8 Sniffing****✓ Sniffing Concepts**

- ✓ Network Sniffing
- ✓ How a Sniffer works
- ✓ Types of Sniffing: Passive/Active Sniffing
- ✓ Protocols Vulnerable to Sniffing
- ✓ Sniffing in the Data Link Layer of the OSI Model
- ✓ Hardware Protocol Analyzers
- ✓ SPAN Port
- ✓ Wiretapping
- ✓ Lawful Interception

**✓ Sniffing Technique**

- ✓ MAC Attacks
  - MAC Address/CAM Table
  - How CAM Works?
  - What happens when a CAM Table is full?
  - MAC Flooding
  - Switch Port Stealing
  - How to defend against MAC Attacks
- ✓ DHCP Attacks
  - How DHCP works
  - DHCP Request/Reply Messages
  - IPv4 DHCP Packet Format
  - DHCP Starvation Attack
  - Rogue DHCP Server Attack
  - DHCP Attack Tools
  - How to defend against DHCP Starvation and Rogue Server Attacks

- ✓ ARP Poisoning
  - What Is Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)?
  - ARP Spoofing Attack
  - Threats of ARP Poisoning
  - ARP Spoofing/Poisoning Tools
  - How to defend against ARP Poisoning
  - Configuring DHCP Snooping and Dynamic ARP Inspection on Cisco Switches
  - ARP Spoofing Detection Tools
- ✓ Spoofing Attacks
  - MAC Spoofing/Duplicating
  - MAC Spoofing Technique: Windows
  - MAC Spoofing Tools
  - IRDP Spoofing
  - VLAN Hopping
  - STP Attack
  - How to defend against MAC Spoofing
  - How to defend against VLAN Hopping
  - How to defend against STP Attacks
- ✓ DNS Poisoning
  - DNS Poisoning Techniques
    - Intranet DNS Spoofing
    - Internet DNS Spoofing
    - Proxy Server DNS Poisoning
    - DNS Cache Poisoning
  - DNS Poisoning Tools
  - How to defend against DNS Spoofing

## ✓ Sniffing Tools

- ✓ Wireshark
  - Follow TCP Stream in Wireshark
  - Display Filters in Wireshark
  - Additional Wireshark Filters
- ✓ Sniffing Tools

## ✓ Sniffing Countermeasures

- ✓ How to defend against Sniffing
- ✓ How to detect Sniffing
- ✓ Sniffer Detection Techniques
- ✓ Promiscuous Detection Tools

## Module 9 Social Engineering

### ✓ Social Engineering Concepts

- ✓ What is Social Engineering?
  - Common Targets of Social Engineering
  - Impact of Social Engineering Attack on an organization
  - Behaviors Vulnerable to Attacks
  - Factors that make companies vulnerable to attacks
  - Why is Social Engineering Effective?
- ✓ Phases of a Social Engineering Attack
- ✓ Types of Social Engineering

### ✓ Human-based Social Engineering Techniques

- ✓ Impersonation
- ✓ Impersonation (Vishing)
- ✓ Eavesdropping
- ✓ Shoulder Surfing
- ✓ Dumpster Diving
- ✓ Reverse Social Engineering
- ✓ Piggybacking
- ✓ Tailgating
- ✓ Diversion Theft
- ✓ Honey Trap
- ✓ Baiting
- ✓ Quid Pro Quo
- ✓ Elicitation
- ✓ Bait and Switching

### ✓ **Computer-based Social Engineering Techniques**

- ✓ Phishing (Types/Tools/Examples)
- ✓ Crafting Phishing Emails with ChatGPT
- ✓ Perform Impersonation using AI: Create Deepfake Videos
- ✓ Perform Impersonation using AI: Voice Cloning
- ✓ Impersonation on Facebook
- ✓ Perform Impersonation on Social Networking Sites
- ✓ Social Networking Threats to Corporate Networks
- ✓ Identity Theft (Types/Techniques/Indicators of Identity Theft)

### ✓ **Mobile-based Social Engineering Techniques**

- ✓ Publishing Malicious Apps
- ✓ Repackaging Legitimate Apps
- ✓ Fake Security Applications
- ✓ QRLJacking
- ✓ SMiShing (SMS Phishing)

### ✓ **Social Engineering Countermeasures**

- ✓ Social Engineering Countermeasures
- ✓ How to defend against Phishing Attacks?
- ✓ Identity Theft Countermeasures
- ✓ Voice Cloning Countermeasures
- ✓ Deepfake Attack Countermeasures
- ✓ How to detect Phishing Emails?
- ✓ Anti-Phishing Toolbar
- ✓ Common Social Engineering targets and defense strategies
- ✓ Audit Organization's Security for Phishing Attacks using OhPhish

**Module 10 Denial-of-Service****✓ DoS/DDoS Concepts**

- ✓ What is DoS/DDoS Attack?
- ✓ How do DDoS Attacks Work?

**✓ Botnets**

- ✓ Organized Cyber Crime: Organizational Chart
- ✓ Botnet
- ✓ A Typical Botnet Setup
- ✓ Botnet Ecosystem
- ✓ Scanning Methods for finding Vulnerable Machines
- ✓ How does Malicious Code propagate?

**✓ DDoS Case Study**

- ✓ DDoS Attack
- ✓ Hackers Advertise Links for Downloading Botnets
- ✓ Use of Mobile Devices as Botnets for Launching DDoS Attacks
- ✓ DDoS case study: HTTP/2 'Rapid Reset' Attack on Google Cloud

**✓ DoS/DDoS Attack Techniques**

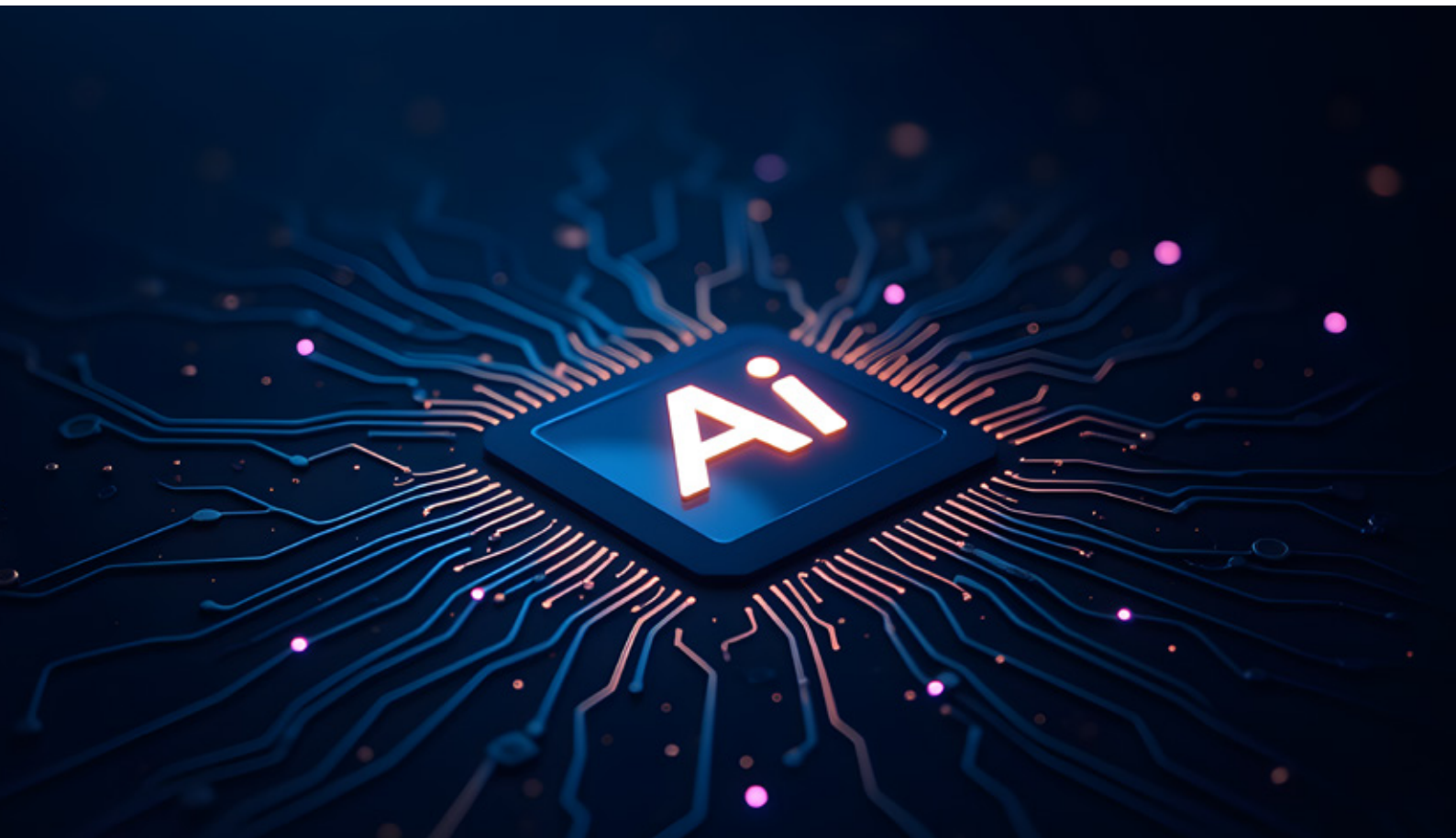
- ✓ Basic categories of DoS/DDoS Attack Vectors
- ✓ DoS/DDoS Attack Techniques
  - UDP Flood Attack
  - ICMP Flood Attack
  - Ping of Death Attack
  - Smurf Attack
  - Pulse Wave DDoS Attack
  - Zero-Day DDoS Attack

- NTP Amplification Attack
- SYN Flood Attack
- Fragmentation Attack
- Spoofed Session Flood Attack
- HTTP GET/POST Attack
- Slowloris Attack
- UDP Application Layer Flood Attack
- Multi-Vector Attack
- Peer-to-Peer Attack
- Permanent Denial-of-Service Attack
- TCP SACK Panic Attack
- Distributed Reflection Denial-of-Service (DRDoS) Attack
- DDoS Extortion/Ransom DDoS (RDoS) Attack
- ✓ DoS/DDoS Attack Toolkits in the Wild

### ✓ DoS/DDoS Attack Countermeasures

- ✓ Detection Techniques
- ✓ DoS/DDoS Countermeasure Strategies
- ✓ DDoS Attack Countermeasures
  - Protect Secondary Victims
  - Detect and Neutralize Handlers
  - Prevent Potential Attacks
  - Deflect Attacks
  - Mitigate Attacks
  - Post-Attack Forensics

- ✓ Techniques to defend against Botnets
- ✓ Additional DoS/DDoS Countermeasures
- ✓ DoS/DDoS Protection at ISP Level
- ✓ Enabling TCP Intercept on Cisco IOS Software
- ✓ Advanced DDoS Protection Appliances
- ✓ DoS/DDoS Protection Tools/Services



## Module 11 Session Hijacking

### ✓ Session Hijacking Concepts

- ✓ What is Session Hijacking?
- ✓ Session Hijacking Process
- ✓ Packet Analysis of a Local Session Hijack
- ✓ Types of Session Hijacking
- ✓ Session Hijacking in OSI Model
- ✓ Spoofing vs. Hijacking

### ✓ Application-Level Session Hijacking

- ✓ Compromising Session IDs using Sniffing
- ✓ Compromising Session IDs by predicting Session Token
  - How to predict a Session Token
- ✓ Compromising Session IDs Using Man-in-the-Browser/Manipulator-in-the-Browser Attack
- ✓ Compromising Session IDs using Client-side Attacks
  - Cross-site Script Attack
  - Cross-site Request Forgery Attack
- ✓ Compromising Session IDs using Session Replay Attacks
- ✓ Compromising Session IDs using Session Fixation
- ✓ Session Hijacking using Proxy Servers/ CRIME Attack/ Forbidden Attack/ Session Donation Attack

## ✓ Network-Level Session Hijacking

- ✓ Three-way Handshake
- ✓ TCP/IP Hijacking
- ✓ IP Spoofing: Source Routed Packets
- ✓ RST Hijacking
- ✓ Blind Hijacking
- ✓ UDP Hijacking
- ✓ MITM Attack using Forged ICMP and ARP Spoofing
- ✓ PetitPotam Hijacking

## ✓ Session Hijacking Tools

## ✓ Session Hijacking Countermeasures

- ✓ Session Hijacking Detection methods
- ✓ Protecting against Session Hijacking
- ✓ Web Development Guidelines to prevent Session Hijacking
- ✓ Web User Guidelines to prevent Session Hijacking
- ✓ Session Hijacking Detection Tools
- ✓ Approaches to prevent Session Hijacking
- ✓ Approaches to prevent MITM Attacks
- ✓ IPsec
- ✓ Session Hijacking Prevention Tools

**Module 12 Evading IDS, Firewalls, and Honeypots****✓ IDS, IPS, and Firewall Concepts**

- ✓ Intrusion Detection System (IDS)
  - Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)
  - How does an IDS detect an Intrusion?
  - General Indications of Intrusions
  - Types of Intrusion Detection System (IDS)
  - Types of IDS Alerts
- ✓ Firewall
  - Firewall Architecture
  - Demilitarized Zone (DMZ)
  - Types of Firewalls
    - Types of Firewalls based on Configuration
    - Types of Firewalls based on Working Mechanism
    - Packet Filtering Firewall
    - Circuit-Level Gateway Firewall
    - Application-Level Firewall
    - Stateful Multilayer Inspection Firewall
    - Application Proxy
    - Network Address Translation (NAT)
    - Virtual Private Network
    - Next-Generation Firewalls (NGFWs)
    - Firewall Limitations

## ✓ IDS, IPS, and Firewall Solutions

- ✓ Intrusion Detection using YARA Rules
- ✓ Intrusion Detection Tools
- ✓ Intrusion Prevention Tools
- ✓ Firewalls

## ✓ Evading IDS/Firewalls

- ✓ IDS/Firewall Evasion Techniques
  - IDS/Firewall Identification
  - IP Address Spoofing
  - Source Routing
  - Tiny Fragments
  - Bypass Blocked Sites using an IP Address in place of a URL
  - Bypass Blocked Sites using Anonymous Website Surfing Sites
  - Bypass an IDS/Firewall using a Proxy Server
  - Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through the ICMP Tunneling method
  - Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through the ACK Tunneling method
  - Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through the HTTP Tunneling method
  - Bypassing Firewalls through the SSH Tunneling method
  - Bypassing Firewalls through the DNS Tunneling method
  - Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through External Systems
  - Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through MITM Attacks
  - Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through Content
  - Bypassing an IDS/WAF using an XSS Attack
  - Other Techniques for bypassing WAF
  - Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through HTML Smuggling
  - Evading an IDS/Firewall through Windows BITS

✓ Other Techniques for IDS Evasion

- Insertion Attack
- Evasion
- Denial-of-Service Attack (DoS)
- Obfuscating
- False Positive Generation
- Session Splicing
- Unicode Evasion Technique
- Fragmentation Attack
- Time-To-Live Attacks
- Urgency Flag
- Invalid RST Packets
- Polymorphic Shellcode
- ASCII Shellcode
- Application-Layer Attacks
- Desynchronization
- Domain Generation Algorithms (DGA)
- Encryption
- Flooding

✓ **Evasion NAC and Endpoint Security**

- ✓ NAC and Endpoint Security Evasion techniques
- ✓ Bypassing NAC using VLAN Hopping/Pre-authenticated Device
- ✓ Bypassing Endpoint Security using Ghostwriting/Application
- ✓ Whitelisting
- ✓ Bypassing Endpoint Security by Dechaining Macros
- ✓ Bypassing Endpoint Security by clearing Memory Hooks
- ✓ Bypassing Endpoint Security by Process Injection
- ✓ Bypassing the EDR using LoLBins

- ✓ Bypassing Endpoint Security by CPL (Control Panel) Side-Loading
- ✓ Bypassing Endpoint Security using ChatGPT
- ✓ Bypassing Antivirus using Metasploit Templates
- ✓ Bypassing Windows Antimalware Scan Interface (AMSI)
- ✓ Other Techniques for Bypassing Endpoint Security

### ✓ IDS/Firewall Evading Tools

- ✓ Packet Fragment Generator Tools

### ✓ Honeypot Concepts

- ✓ Types of Honeypots
- ✓ Honeypot Tools
- ✓ Detecting and Defeating Honeypots
- ✓ Honeypot Detection Tools

### ✓ IDS/Firewall Evasion Countermeasures

- ✓ How to defend against IDS Evasion
- ✓ How to defend against Firewall Evasion
- ✓ How to defend against Endpoint Security Evasion
- ✓ How to defend against NAC Evasion
- ✓ How to defend against Anti-virus Evasion

## Module 13 Hacking Web Servers

### ✓ Web Server Concepts

- ✓ Web Server Operations
- ✓ Web Server Security issues
- ✓ Why are Web Servers Compromised?
- ✓ Apache Web Server Architecture
  - Apache Vulnerabilities
- ✓ IIS Web Server Architecture
  - IIS Vulnerabilities
- ✓ NGINX Web Server Architecture
  - NGINX Vulnerabilities

### ✓ Web Server Attacks

- ✓ DNS Server Hijacking
- ✓ DNS Amplification Attack
- ✓ Directory Traversal Attacks
- ✓ Website Defacement
- ✓ Web Server Misconfiguration
- ✓ HTTP Response-Splitting Attack
- ✓ Web Cache Poisoning Attack
- ✓ SSH Brute Force Attack
- ✓ FTP Brute Force with AI
- ✓ HTTP/2 Continuation Flood Attack
- ✓ Frontjacking Attack

- ✓ Other Web Server Attacks
  - Web Server Password Cracking
  - DoS/DDoS Attacks
  - Man-in-the-Middle Attack
  - Phishing Attacks
  - Web Application Attacks

## ✓ Web Server Attack Methodology

- ✓ Information Gathering
  - Information Gathering from Robots.txt File
- ✓ Web Server Footprinting/Banner Grabbing
  - Web Server Footprinting Tools
  - Web Server Footprinting with AI
  - Web Server Footprinting using Netcat with AI
- ✓ IIS Information Gathering using Shodan
- ✓ Abusing Apache mod\_userdir to Enumerate User Accounts
- ✓ Enumerating Web Server Information using Nmap
- ✓ Finding Default Credentials of Web Server
- ✓ Directory Brute Forcing with AI
- ✓ NGINX Vulnerability Scanning using NginxPwner
- ✓ Finding Exploitable Vulnerabilities with AI
- ✓ Session Hijacking
- ✓ Web Server Password Hacking
- ✓ Using Application Server as a Proxy
- ✓ Path Traversal via Misconfigured NGINX Alias
- ✓ Web Server Attack Tools

## Web Server Attack Countermeasures

- ✓ Place Web Servers in Separate Secure Server Security Segment on Network
- ✓ Countermeasures: Patches and Updates
- ✓ Countermeasures: Protocols and Accounts
- ✓ Countermeasures: Files and Directories
- ✓ Detecting Web Server Hacking Attempts
- ✓ How to defend against Web Server Attacks
- ✓ How to defend against HTTP Response-Splitting and Web Cache Poisoning
- ✓ How to defend against DNS Hijacking
- ✓ Web Application Security Scanners
- ✓ Web Server Security Scanners
- ✓ Web Server Malware Infection Monitoring Tools
- ✓ Web Server Security Tools
- ✓ Web Server Pentesting Tools

## Patch Management

- ✓ Patches and Hotfixes
- ✓ What is Patch Management?
- ✓ Installation of a Patch
- ✓ Patch Management Best Practices
- ✓ Patch Management Tools

## Module 14 Hacking Web Applications

### ✓ Web Application Concepts

- ✓ Introduction to Web Applications
- ✓ Web Application Architecture
- ✓ Web Services
- ✓ Vulnerability Stack

### ✓ Web Application Threats

- ✓ OWASP Top 10 Application Security Risks – 2021
  - A01 – Broken Access Control
  - A02 – Cryptographic Failures/Sensitive Data Exposure
  - A03 – Injection Flaws
  - A04 – Insecure Design
  - A05 – Security Misconfiguration
  - A06 – Vulnerable and Outdated Components/Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities
  - A07 – Identification and Authentication Failures/Broken Authentication
  - A08 – Software and Data Integrity Failures
  - A09 – Security Logging and Monitoring Failures/Insufficient Logging and Monitoring
  - A10 – Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)
- ✓ Web Application Attacks
  - Directory Traversal
  - Hidden Field Manipulation Attack
  - Pass-the-Cookie Attack
  - Same-Site Attack
  - SQL Injection Attacks

- Command Injection Attacks
- Command Injection Example
- File Injection Attack
- LDAP Injection Attacks
- Other Injection Attacks
- Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) Attacks
- Cross-Site Scripting Attack Scenario: Attack via Email
- XSS Attack in Blog Posting
- XSS Attack in Comment Field
- Techniques to evade XSS Filters
- Web-based Timing Attacks
- XML External Entity (XXE) Attack
- Unvalidated Redirects and Forwards
- Magecart Attack
- Watering Hole Attack
- Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) Attack
- Cookie/Session Poisoning
- Insecure Deserialization
- Web Service Attack
- Web Service Footprinting Attack
- Web Service XML Poisoning
- DNS Rebinding Attack
- Clickjacking Attack
- MarioNet Attack

## Web Application Hacking Methodology

- ✓ Footprint Web Infrastructure
  - Server Discovery
  - Server Discovery: Banner Grabbing

- Port and Service Discovery
- Detecting Web App Firewalls and Proxies on Target Site
- WAF Detection with AI
- Hidden Content Discovery
- Detect Load Balancers
  - Detecting Load Balancers using AI
- Detecting Web App Technologies
- WebSockets Enumeration
- ✓ Analyze Web Applications
  - Website Mirroring
  - Website Mirroring with AI
  - Website Mirroring using Htttrack with AI
  - Identify Entry Points for User Input
  - Identify Server-Side Technologies using AI
  - Identify Files and Directories with AI
  - Identify Web Application Vulnerabilities with AI
- ✓ Bypass Client-Side Controls
  - Attack Hidden Form Fields
  - Attack Browser Extensions
  - Attack Google Chrome Browser Extensions
  - Perform Source Code Review
- ✓ Attack Authentication Mechanism
  - Design Flaws in Authentication Mechanism
  - Implementation Flaws in Authentication Mechanism
  - Username Enumeration
  - Password Attacks: Password Functionality Exploits

- Password Attacks: Brute-forcing
- Password Attacks: Attack Password Reset Mechanism
- Authorization Attack: HTTP Request Tampering
- Session Attacks: Session ID Prediction/Brute Forcing
- Cookie Exploitation: Cookie Poisoning
- Bypass Authentication: Bypass SAML-based SSO
- Bypass Authentication: Bypass Rate Limit
- Bypass Authentication: Bypass Multi-Factor Authentication
- ✓ Attack Authentication Schemes
  - Authorization Attack
  - HTTP Request Tampering
  - Cookie Parameter Tampering
- ✓ Attack Access Controls
  - Exploiting Insecure Access Controls
  - Access Controls Attack Methods
- ✓ Attack Session Management Mechanism
  - Session Management Attack
  - Attacking Session Token Generation Mechanism
  - Attacking Session Tokens Handling Mechanism: Session Token Sniffing
  - Manipulating WebSocket Traffic
- ✓ Perform Injection/Input Validation Attacks
  - Injection Attacks/Input Validation Attacks
  - Perform Local File Inclusion (LFI)
- ✓ Attack Application Logic Flaws
- ✓ Attack Shared Environments

- ✓ Attack Database Connectivity
  - Connection String Injection
  - Connection String Parameter Pollution (CSPP) Attacks
  - Connection Pool DoS
- ✓ Attack Web Application Client
- ✓ Attack Web Services
  - Web Services Probing Attacks
  - Web Service Attacks: SOAP Injection
  - Web Service Attacks: SOAPAction Spoofing
  - Web Service Attacks: WS-Address Spoofing
  - Web Service Attacks: XML Injection
  - Web Services Parsing Attacks
  - Web Service Attack Tools
- ✓ Create and run custom Scripts to automate Web Application Hacking Tasks with AI

## ✓ Web API and Webhooks

- ✓ Web API
  - Web Service APIs
- ✓ Webhooks
- ✓ OWASP Top 10 API Security Risks
- ✓ Webhooks Security Risks
- ✓ API Vulnerabilities
- ✓ Web API Hacking Methodology
  - Identify the Target
  - Detect Security Standards
  - API Enumeration
  - Identify the Attack Surface

- Launch Attacks
- REST API Vulnerability Scanning
- Bypassing IDOR via Parameter Pollution
- ✓ Secure API Architecture
- ✓ API Security Risks and Solutions
- ✓ Best Practices for API Security
- ✓ Best Practices for Securing Webhooks

## ✓ Web Application Security

- ✓ Web Application Security Testing
- ✓ Web Application Fuzz Testing
  - Web Application Fuzz Testing with AI
  - AI-Powered Fuzz Testing
- ✓ AI-Powered Static Application Security Testing (SAST)
- ✓ AI-Powered Dynamic Application Security Testing (DAST)
- ✓ Source Code Review
- ✓ Encoding Schemes
- ✓ Whitelisting vs. Blacklisting Applications
- ✓ Application Whitelisting and Blacklisting Tools
- ✓ Content Filtering Tools
- ✓ How to defend against Injection Attacks
- ✓ Web Application Attack Countermeasures
- ✓ How to defend against Web Application Attacks
- ✓ Best Practices for Securing WebSocket Connections
- ✓ RASP for protecting Web Servers
- ✓ Web Application Security Testing Tools
- ✓ Web Application Firewalls

**Module 15 SQL Injections****✓ SQL Injection Concepts**

- ✓ What is SQL Injection?
- ✓ SQL Injection and Server-side Technologies
- ✓ Understanding HTTP POST Request
- ✓ Understanding Normal SQL Query
- ✓ Understanding an SQL Injection Query—Code Analysis
- ✓ Example of a Web Application Vulnerable to SQL Injection:  
BadProductList.aspx
- ✓ Example of a Web Application Vulnerable to SQL Injection: Attack Analysis
- ✓ Examples of SQL Injection

**✓ Types of SQL Injection**

- ✓ In-Band SQL Injection
  - Error Based SQL Injection
  - Union SQL Injection
- ✓ Blind/Inferential SQL Injection
  - No Error Message Returned
  - Time-based SQL Injection
  - Boolean Exploitation
  - Heavy Query
- ✓ Out-of-Band SQL injection

## ✓ SQL Injection Methodology

- ✓ Information gathering and SQL Injection Vulnerability detection
  - Information Gathering
  - Identifying Data Entry Paths
  - Extracting Information through Error Messages
  - SQL Injection Vulnerability Detection
  - Additional methods to detect SQL Injection
  - SQL Injection Black Box Pen Testing
  - Source Code Review to detect SQL Injection Vulnerabilities
  - Testing for Blind SQL Injection Vulnerability in MySQL and MSSQL
- ✓ Launch SQL Injection Attacks
  - Perform Error based SQL Injection
  - Perform Error based SQL Injection using Stored Procedure Injection
  - Perform Union SQL Injection
  - Bypass Website Logins using SQL Injection
  - Perform Blind SQL Injection — Boolean Exploitation (MySQL)
  - Blind SQL Injection — Extract Database User
  - Blind SQL Injection — Extract Database Name
  - Blind SQL Injection — Extract Column Name
  - Blind SQL Injection — Extract Data from ROWS
  - Exporting a Value with Regular Expression Attack
  - Perform Double Blind SQL Injection
  - Perform Blind SQL Injection using Out-of-Band Exploitation
  - Technique
  - Exploiting Second-Order SQL Injection
  - Bypass Firewall to Perform SQL Injection
  - Bypassing WAF using JSON-Based SQL Injection Attack
  - Perform SQL Injection to insert a New User and update Password

- ✓ Advanced SQL Injection
  - Database, Table, and Column Enumeration
  - Advanced Enumeration
  - Creating Database Accounts
  - Password Grabbing
  - Grabbing SQL Server Hashes
  - Transfer Database to Attacker's Machine
  - Interacting with the Operating System
  - Interacting with the File System
  - Network Reconnaissance using SQL Injection
  - Network Reconnaissance Full Query
  - Finding and Bypassing Admin Panel of a Website
  - PL/SQL Exploitation
  - Creating Server Backdoors using SQL Injection
  - HTTP Header-Based SQL Injection
  - DNS Exfiltration using SQL Injection
  - MongoDB Injection/NoSQL Injection Attack
- ✓ SQL Injection Tools
- ✓ Discovering SQL Injection Vulnerabilities with AI
- ✓ Checking for Boolean based SQL Injection with AI
- ✓ Checking for Error based SQL Injection with AI
- ✓ Checking for Time-based SQL Injection with AI
- ✓ Checking for UNION based SQL Injection with AI

## ✓ Evasion Techniques

- ✓ Evading IDS
- ✓ Types of Signature Evasion Techniques
  - In-line Comment and Char Encoding
  - String Concatenation and Obfuscated Code
  - Manipulating White Spaces and Hex Encoding
  - Sophisticated Matches and URL Encoding
  - Null Byte and Case Variation
  - Declare Variables and IP Fragmentation
  - Variation

## ✓ SQL Injection Countermeasures

- ✓ How to defend against SQL Injection Attacks
- ✓ Defenses in the Application
- ✓ Detecting SQL Injection Attacks
- ✓ SQL Injection Detection Tools

**Module 16 Hacking Wireless Networks****✓ Wireless Concepts**

- ✓ Wireless Terminology
- ✓ Wireless Networks
- ✓ Wireless Standards
- ✓ Service Set Identifier (SSID)
- ✓ Wi-Fi Authentication Process
- ✓ Types of Wireless Antennas

**✓ Wireless Encryption**

- ✓ Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)
- ✓ Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)
- ✓ WPA2
- ✓ WPA3
- ✓ Comparison of WEP, WPA, WPA2, and WPA3
- ✓ Issues with WEP, WPA, WPA2, and WPA3

**✓ Wireless Threats**

- ✓ Access control/ Integrity/ Confidentiality/
- ✓ Availability/Authentication/ Honeypot AP/ Wormhole/ Sinkhole/
- ✓ Inter-Chip Privilege Escalation/ Wireless Co-Existence Attack

**✓ Wireless Hacking Methodology**

- ✓ Wi-Fi Discovery
  - Wireless Network Footprinting
  - Finding Wi-Fi Networks in range to Attack
  - Wi-Fi Discovery Tools
  - Mobile-based Wi-Fi Discovery Tools
  - Finding WPS-Enabled APs

- ✓ Wireless Traffic Analysis
  - Choosing the Optimal Wi-Fi Card
  - Perform Spectrum Analysis
- ✓ Launch of Wireless Attacks
  - Airocrack-ng Suite
  - Detection of Hidden SSIDs
  - Denial-of-Service
  - Man-in-the-Middle Attack
  - MITM Attack using Aircrack-ng
  - MAC Spoofing Attack
  - Wireless ARP Poisoning Attack
  - ARP Poisoning Attack using Ettercap
  - Rogue APs
  - Creation of a Rogue AP using MANA Toolkit
  - Evil Twin
  - Key Reinstallation Attack (KRACK)
  - Wi-Fi Jamming Signal Attack
  - Wi-Fi Jamming Devices
  - deAUTH Attack
  - Wi-Jacking Attack
  - RFID Cloning Attack
  - WPA/WPA2 Encryption Cracking
  - Cracking WPA/WPA2 using Aircrack-ng
  - WPA Brute Forcing using Fern WiFi Cracker
  - WPA3 Encryption Cracking
  - Cracking WPA3 using Aircrack-ng and hashcat
  - Cracking WPA3 using Reaver

## ✓ Wireless Attack Countermeasures

- ✓ Defense against WPA/WPA2/WPA3 Cracking
- ✓ Defense against KRACK Attacks
- ✓ Defense against aLTER Attacks
- ✓ Detection and Blocking of Rogue APs
- ✓ Defense against Wireless Attacks
- ✓ Wireless Intrusion Prevention Systems
- ✓ WIPS Deployment
- ✓ Wi-Fi Security Auditing Tools
- ✓ Wi-Fi IPSs



## Module 17 Hacking Mobile Platforms

### ✓ Mobile Platform Attack Vectors

- ✓ Vulnerable areas in Mobile Business Environment
- ✓ OWASP Top 10 Mobile Risks - 2024
- ✓ Anatomy of a Mobile Attack
- ✓ How a Hacker can profit from Mobile Devices that are successfully Compromised
- ✓ Mobile Attack Vectors and Mobile Platform Vulnerabilities
- ✓ Security Issues Arising from App Stores
- ✓ App Sandboxing Issues
- ✓ Mobile Spam
- ✓ SMS Phishing Attack (SMiShing)
- ✓ Pairing Mobile Devices on Open Bluetooth and Wi-Fi Connections
- ✓ Agent Smith Attack
- ✓ Exploiting SS7 Vulnerability
- ✓ Simjacker: SIM Card Attack
- ✓ Call Spoofing
- ✓ OTP Hijacking/Two-Factor Authentication Hijacking
- ✓ OTP Hijacking Tools
- ✓ Camera/Microphone Capture Attacks
- ✓ Camera/Microphone Hijacking Tools

### ✓ Hacking Android OS

- ✓ Android OS
  - Android Device Administration API

- ✓ Android Rooting
  - Rooting Android using KingoRoot
  - Android Rooting Tools
- ✓ Hacking Android Devices
  - Identifying Attack Surfaces using drozer
  - Bypassing FRP on Android Phones using 4ukey
  - Hacking with zANTI and Kali NetHunter
  - Launch DoS Attack using Low Orbit Ion Cannon (LOIC)
  - Hacking with Orbot Proxy
  - Exploiting Android Device through ADB using PhoneSploit Pro
  - Launching Man-in-the-Disk Attack
  - Launching Spearphone Attack
  - Exploiting Android Devices using Metasploit
  - Analyzing Android Devices
  - Other Techniques for Hacking Android Devices
  - Android Malware
- ✓ Android Hacking Tools
- ✓ Android-based Sniffers
- ✓ Securing Android Devices
- ✓ Android Security Tools
  - Android Device Tracking Tools
  - Android Vulnerability Scanners
  - Static Analysis of Android APK
  - Online Android Analyzers

## **Hacking iOS**

- ✓ Apple iOS
- ✓ Jailbreaking iOS-
  - Jailbreaking Tools and Techniques
  - Jailbreaking iOS using Hexxa Plus
- ✓ Hacking iOS Devices
  - Hacking using Spyzie
  - iOS Trustjacking
  - Post-exploitation on iOS Devices using SeaShell Framework
  - Analyzing and Manipulating iOS Applications
  - Analyzing iOS Devices
  - iOS Malware
  - iOS Hacking Tools
- ✓ Securing iOS Devices
- ✓ iOS Device Security Tools
- ✓ iOS Device Tracking Tools

## **Mobile Device Management**

- ✓ Mobile Device Management (MDM)
- ✓ Mobile Device Management Solutions
- ✓ Bring Your Own Device (BYOD)
  - BYOD Risks
  - BYOD Policy Implementation
  - BYOD Security Guidelines

## ✓ Mobile Security Guidelines

- ✓ Mobile Security Guidelines
- ✓ OWASP Top 10 Mobile Risks and Solutions
- ✓ General guidelines for Mobile Platform Security
- ✓ Mobile Device Security guidelines for the Administrator
- ✓ SMS Phishing Countermeasures
- ✓ OTP Hijacking Countermeasures
- ✓ Critical Data Storage in Android and iOS: KeyStore and Keychain
- ✓ Recommendations
- ✓ Reverse Engineering Mobile Applications

## ✓ Mobile Security Tools

- ✓ Source Code Analysis Tools
- ✓ Reverse Engineering Tools
- ✓ App Repackaging Detectors
- ✓ Mobile Protection Tools
- ✓ Mobile Anti-Spyware
- ✓ Mobile Pen Testing Toolkits

**Module 18 IoT Hacking & OT Hacking****✓ IoT Hacking****✓ IoT Concepts and Attacks**

- ✓ What is the IoT?
- ✓ How the IoT works
- ✓ IoT Architecture
  - IoT Application Areas and Devices
- ✓ IoT Technologies and Protocols
- ✓ IoT Communication Models
- ✓ Challenges of IoT
  - Threat vs Opportunity
  - IoT Security Problems
- ✓ OWASP Top 10 IoT Threats
- ✓ OWASP IoT Attack Surface Areas
- ✓ IoT Vulnerabilities
- ✓ IoT Threats
- ✓ Hacking IoT Devices: General Scenario
- ✓ DDoS Attack
- ✓ Exploit HVAC
- ✓ Rolling Code Attack
- ✓ BlueBorne Attack
- ✓ Jamming Attack
- ✓ Hacking Smart Grid/Industrial Devices: Remote Access using
- ✓ Backdoor
- ✓ SDR-Based Attacks on IoT
- ✓ Identifying and accessing Local IoT Devices

- ✓ Fault Injection Attacks
- ✓ IoT Attacks in different sectors
- ✓ IoT Malware
- ✓ Case Study: IZ1H9

## ✓ IoT Hacking Methodology

- ✓ What is IoT Device Hacking?
- ✓ IoT Hacking Methodology
  - Information Gathering
  - Information Gathering using Shodan
  - Information Gathering using MultiPing
  - Information Gathering using FCC ID Search
  - Information-Gathering Tools
  - Information Gathering through Sniffing
  - Sniffing using Cascoda Packet Sniffer
  - Sniffing Tools
  - Vulnerability Scanning
  - Vulnerability Scanning using IoTSeeker
  - Vulnerability Scanning using Genzai
  - Vulnerability Scanning using Nmap
  - Vulnerability-Scanning Tools
  - Analyzing Spectrum and IoT Traffic
  - Tools to Perform SDR-Based Attacks
- ✓ Launch Attacks
  - Rolling Code Attack using RFCrack
  - Hacking Zigbee Devices with Open Sniffer
  - BlueBorne Attack using HackRF One
  - Replay Attack using HackRF One
  - SDR-Based Attacks using RTL-SDR and GNU Radio

- Side-Channel Attack using ChipWhisperer
- Identifying IoT Communication Buses and Interfaces
- NAND Glitching
- Exploiting Cameras using CamOver
- ✓ Gain Remote Access
  - Gaining Remote Access using Telnet
  - Maintain Access
  - Maintain Access by Exploiting Firmware
  - Firmware Analysis and Reverse Engineering
- ✓ IoT Hacking Tools
- ✓ IoT Attack Countermeasures
  - How to defend against IoT Hacking
  - General Guidelines for IoT Device Manufacturers
  - OWASP Top 10 IoT Vulnerabilities Solutions
  - IoT Framework Security Considerations
  - IoT Hardware Security Best Practices
  - Secure Development Practices for IoT Applications
  - IoT Device Management
  - IoT Security Tools

## ✓ OT Hacking

- ✓ OT Concepts and Attacks
  - What is OT?
  - Essential Terminology
  - Introduction to ICS (Industrial Control Systems)
  - Components of an ICS
  - IT/OT Convergence (IIOT)
  - The Purdue Model

- OT Technologies and Protocols
- Challenges of OT
- OT Vulnerabilities
- MITRE ATT&CK for ICS
- OT Threats
- HMI-Based Attacks
- Side-Channel Attacks
- Hacking Programmable Logic Controller (PLC)
- Evil PLC Attack
- Hacking Industrial Systems through RF Remote Controllers
- OT Supply Chain Attacks
- OT Malware
- OT Malware Analysis: COSMICENERGY
- ✓ OT Hacking Methodology
  - What is OT Hacking?
  - OT Hacking Methodology
  - Information Gathering
    - Identifying ICS/SCADA Systems using Shodan
    - Gathering Default Passwords using CIRT.net
    - Information-Gathering Tools
    - Scanning ICS/SCADA Systems using Nmap
    - Sniffing using NetworkMiner
    - Analyzing Modbus/TCP Traffic using Wireshark
    - Discovering ICS/SCADA Network Protocols using Malcolm
    - Vulnerability Scanning
    - Vulnerability Scanning using Nessus
    - Vulnerability Scanning using Skybox
    - Sniffing and Vulnerability-Scanning Tools
    - Fuzzing ICS Protocols

- Launch Attacks
  - Hacking ICS Hardware
  - Hacking Modbus Slaves using Metasploit
  - Hacking PLC using modbus-cli
- Gain and Maintain Remote Access
  - Gaining Remote Access using DNP3
- OT Hacking Tools
- ✓ OT Attack Countermeasures
  - How to defend against OT Hacking
  - OT Vulnerabilities and Solutions
  - How to secure an IT/OT Environment
  - Implementing a Zero-Trust Model for ICS/SCADA
  - International OT Security Organizations
  - OT Security Solutions
  - OT Security Tools

## Module 19 Cloud Computing

### ✓ Cloud Computing Concepts

- ✓ Introduction to Cloud Computing
- ✓ Types of Cloud Computing Services
- ✓ Shared Responsibilities in Cloud
- ✓ Cloud Deployment Models
- ✓ NIST Cloud Deployment Reference Architecture
- ✓ Cloud Storage Architecture
- ✓ Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality on Cloud
- ✓ Fog Computing
- ✓ Edge Computing
- ✓ Cloud vs. Fog Computing vs. Edge Computing
- ✓ Cloud Computing vs. Grid Computing
- ✓ Cloud Service Providers

### ✓ Container Technology

- ✓ What is a Container?
  - Containers Vs. Virtual Machines
- ✓ What is Docker?
  - Microservices Vs. Docker
- ✓ Docker Networking
- ✓ Container Orchestration
- ✓ What is Kubernetes?
- ✓ Clusters and Containers
- ✓ Container Security Challenges
- ✓ Container Management Platforms
- ✓ Kubernetes Platforms

## ✓ **Serverless Computing**

- ✓ What is Serverless Computing?
- ✓ Serverless Vs. Containers
- ✓ Serverless Computing Frameworks

## ✓ **Cloud Computing Threats**

- ✓ OWASP Top 10 Cloud Security Risks
- ✓ OWASP Top 10 Kubernetes Risks
- ✓ OWASP Top 10 Serverless Security Risks
- ✓ Cloud Computing Threats
  - Data Security
  - Cloud Service Misuse
  - Interface and API Security
  - Operational Security
  - Infrastructure and System Configuration
  - Network Security
  - Governance and Legal Risks
  - Development and Resource Management
- ✓ Container Vulnerabilities
- ✓ Kubernetes Vulnerabilities
- ✓ Cloud Attacks
  - Service Hijacking using Social Engineering
  - Service Hijacking using Network Sniffing
  - Side-Channel Attacks or Cross-guest VM Breaches
  - Wrapping Attack
  - Man-in-the-Cloud (MITC) Attack
  - Cloud Hopper Attack
  - Cloud Cryptojacking
  - Cloudborne Attack

- Instance Metadata Service (IMDS) Attack
- Cache Poisoned Denial of Service (CPDoS)/Content Delivery
- Network (CDN) Cache Poisoning Attack
- Cloud Snooper Attack
- Golden SAML Attack
- Living Off the Cloud Attack (LotC)
- Other Cloud Attacks

✓ Cloud Malware

## ✓ Cloud Hacking

- ✓ Cloud Hacking
- ✓ Cloud Hacking Methodology
  - Identifying Target Cloud Environment
  - Discovering Open Ports and Services using Masscan
  - Vulnerability Scanning using Prowler
  - Identifying Misconfigurations in Cloud Resources using CloudSploit
  - Cleanup and Maintaining Stealth

## ✓ AWS Hacking

- ✓ Enumerating S3 Buckets
  - Enumerating S3 Buckets using SScanner
  - Enumerating S3 Bucket Permissions using BucketLoot
  - Enumerating S3 Buckets using CloudBrute
- ✓ Enumerating EC2 Instances
- ✓ Enumerating AWS RDS Instances
- ✓ Enumerating AWS Account IDs
- ✓ Enumerating IAM Roles
- ✓ Enumerating Weak IAM Policies using Cloudsplaining
- ✓ Enumerating AWS Cognito

- ✓ Enumerating DNS Records of AWS Accounts using Ghostbuster
- ✓ Enumerating Serverless Resources in AWS
- ✓ Discovering Attack Paths using Cartography
- ✓ Discovering Attack Paths using CloudFox
- ✓ Identify Security Groups Exposed to the Internet
- ✓ AWS Threat Emulation using Stratus Red Team
- ✓ Gathering Cloud Keys Through IMDS Attack
- ✓ Exploiting Misconfigured AWS S3 Buckets
- ✓ Compromising AWS IAM Credentials
- ✓ Hijacking Misconfigured IAM Roles using Pacu
- ✓ Scanning AWS Access Keys using DumpsterDiver
- ✓ Exploiting Docker Containers on AWS using Cloud Container Attack Tool (CCAT)
- ✓ Exploiting Shadow Admins in AWS
- ✓ Gaining Access by Exploiting SSRF Vulnerabilities
- ✓ Attacks on AWS Lambda
- ✓ AWS IAM Privilege Escalation Techniques
- ✓ Creating Backdoor Accounts in AWS
- ✓ Maintaining Access and Covering Tracks on AWS Cloud Environment by Manipulating the CloudTrail Service
- ✓ Establishing Persistence on EC2 Instances
- ✓ Lateral Movement: Moving Between AWS Accounts and Regions
- ✓ AWSGoat: A Damn Vulnerable AWS Infrastructure

## ✓ Microsoft Azure Hacking

- ✓ Azure Reconnaissance using AADInternals
- ✓ Identifying Azure Services and Resources
- ✓ Enumerating Azure Active Directory (AD) Accounts
- ✓ Identifying Attack Surface using Stormspotter

- ✓ Collecting Data from AzureAD and AzureRM using AzureHound
- ✓ Accessing Publicly Exposed Blob Storage using Gobblin
- ✓ Identifying Open Network Security Groups (NSGs) in Azure
- ✓ Exploiting Managed Identities and Azure Functions
- ✓ Privilege Escalation using Misconfigured User Accounts in Azure AD
- ✓ Creating Persistent Backdoors in Azure AD using Service Principals
- ✓ Exploiting VNet Peering Connections
- ✓ AzureGoat – Vulnerable by Design Azure Infrastructure

## ✓ Google Cloud Hacking

- ✓ Enumerating GCP Resources using Google Cloud CLI
  - Enumerating GCP Organizations, Projects, and
  - Cloud Storage Buckets
  - Enumerating Google Cloud Service Accounts
  - Enumerating Google Cloud Resources
  - Enumerating Google Cloud IAM Roles and Policies
  - Enumerating Google Cloud Services using gcp\_service\_enum
  - Enumerating GCP Resources using GCP Scanner
  - Enumerating Google Cloud Storage Buckets using gcloud\_enum
- ✓ Enumerating Privilege Escalation Vulnerabilities using GCP Privilege Escalation Scanner
- ✓ Escalating Privileges of Google Storage Buckets using GCPBucketBrute
- ✓ Maintaining Access: Creating Backdoors with IAM Roles in GCP
- ✓ GCPGoat: Vulnerable by Design GCP Infrastructure

## ✓ Container Hacking

- ✓ Information Gathering using kubectl
- ✓ Enumerating Registries
- ✓ Container/Kubernetes Vulnerability Scanning
- ✓ Exploiting Docker Remote API
- ✓ Hacking Container Volumes
- ✓ LXD/LXC Container Group Privilege Escalation
- ✓ Post Enumeration on Kubernetes etcd

## ✓ Cloud Security

- ✓ Cloud Security Control Layers
- ✓ Cloud Security is the responsibility of both Cloud Provider and Consumer
- ✓ Cloud Computing Security Considerations
- ✓ Placement of Security Controls in the Cloud
- ✓ Assessing Cloud Security using Scout Suite
- ✓ Best Practices for Securing the Cloud
- ✓ Best Practices for Securing AWS Cloud
- ✓ Best Practices for Securing Microsoft Azure
- ✓ Best Practices for Securing Google Cloud Platform
- ✓ NIST Recommendations for Cloud Security
- ✓ Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML)
- ✓ Cloud Network Security
- ✓ Cloud Security Controls
- ✓ Kubernetes Vulnerabilities and Solutions
- ✓ Serverless Security Risks and Solutions
- ✓ Best Practices for Container Security
- ✓ Best Practices for Docker Security
- ✓ Best Practices for Kubernetes Security

- ✓ Best Practices for Serverless Security
- ✓ Zero Trust Networks
- ✓ Organization/Provider Cloud Security Compliance
- ✓ Checklist
- ✓ International Cloud Security Organizations
- ✓ Shadow Cloud Asset Discovery Tools
- ✓ Cloud Security Tools
- ✓ Container Security Tools
- ✓ Kubernetes Security Tools
- ✓ Serverless Application Security Solutions
- ✓ Cloud Access Security Broker (CASB)
- ✓ CASB Solutions
- ✓ Next-Generation Secure Web Gateway (NG SWG)



**Module 20** **Cryptography****✓ Cryptography Concepts and Encryption Algorithms**

- ✓ Cryptography
- ✓ Government Access to Keys (GAK)
- ✓ Ciphers
- ✓ Symmetric Encryption Algorithms
- ✓ Data Encryption Standard (DES)
- ✓ Triple Data Encryption Standard (DES)
- ✓ Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)
- ✓ RC4, RC5, and RC6 Algorithms
- ✓ Blowfish
- ✓ Twofish
- ✓ Threefish
- ✓ Serpent
- ✓ TEA
- ✓ CAST-128
- ✓ GOST Block Cipher
- ✓ Camellia
- ✓ Asymmetric Encryption Algorithms
- ✓ DSA and Related Signature Schemes
- ✓ Rivest Shamir Adleman (RSA)
- ✓ Diffie-Hellman
- ✓ Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC)
- ✓ YAK
- ✓ Message Digest (One-way Hash) Functions
- ✓ Message Digest Function: MD5 and MD6
- ✓ Message Digest Function: Secure Hashing Algorithm (SHA)

- ✓ RIPEMD-160
- ✓ HMAC
- ✓ CHAP
- ✓ EAP
- ✓ GOST – Hash Function
- ✓ Message Digest Functions Calculators
- ✓ Multi-layer Hashing Calculators
- ✓ Hardware-Based Encryption
- ✓ Quantum Cryptography
- ✓ Other Encryption Techniques
- ✓ Cipher Modes of Operation
- ✓ Modes of Authenticated Encryption
- ✓ Cryptography Tools

### ✓ Applications of Cryptography

- ✓ Public Key Infrastructure (PKI)
- ✓ Certification Authorities
- ✓ Signed Certificate (CA) vs. Self-Signed Certificate
- ✓ Digital Signature
- ✓ Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)
- ✓ Transport Layer Security (TLS)
- ✓ Cryptography Toolkits
- ✓ Pretty Good Privacy (PGP)
- ✓ GNU Privacy Guard (GPG)
- ✓ Web of Trust (WOT)
- ✓ Encrypting Email Messages in Outlook
- ✓ Signing/Encrypting Email Messages on Mac
- ✓ Encrypting/Decrypting Email Messages Using OpenPGP
- ✓ Email Encryption Tools

- ✓ Disk Encryption
- ✓ Disk Encryption Tools for Linux/macOS
- ✓ Blockchain

## ✓ Cryptanalysis

- ✓ Cryptanalysis Methods
- ✓ Cryptography Attacks
- ✓ Code-Breaking Methodologies
- ✓ Brute-Force Attack
- ✓ Birthday Attack
- ✓ Birthday Paradox: Probability
- ✓ Brute Forcing VeryCrypt Encryption
- ✓ Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on Digital Signature Schemes
- ✓ Side-Channel Attack
- ✓ Hash Collision Attack
- ✓ DUHK Attack
- ✓ DROWN Attack
- ✓ Rainbow Table Attack
- ✓ Related-Key Attack
- ✓ Padding Oracle Attack
- ✓ Attacks on Blockchain
- ✓ Quantum Computing Risks
- ✓ Quantum Computing Attacks
- ✓ Cryptanalysis Tools
- ✓ Online MD5 Decryption Tools

## ✓ Cryptography Attack Countermeasures

- ✓ How to Defend Against Cryptographic Attacks
- ✓ Key Stretching

## Words Have Power

**MANAS MOHARANA** • 2nd  
Commander (Veteran) Navy | Cybersecurity and Data Privacy Enthus...  
4w • Edited • [+ Follow](#)

I recently achieved the milestone of clearing **#CEHV13**, advancing further in my learning journey. The experience of honing my skills in ethical hacking, utilising both traditional methods and AI-based tools, has been truly enriching. It's fascinating to observe how AI has simplified the processes across the Cyber Kill Chain.

I extend my gratitude to **Infosec Train** for offering an exceptional learning platform that supported my growth. Special thanks to **Avnish Naithani** for delivering engaging training sessions. The opportunity to revisit concepts and comprehend the evolving landscape has been both educational and enjoyable.

**#EthicalHacking #CEHV13 #InfosecTrain #AI #CyberSecurity** Celebrating my new certification!



**Devendra Sawande** • 2nd  
IT Infra Security Analyst | KSB-Tech | CEH v13 |  
1mo • [+ Follow](#)

🌟 Excited to Announce! 🌟

I am thrilled to share that I have successfully completed the Certified Ethical Hacker (CEH) v13 training from EC-Council! This comprehensive program has equipped me with the latest skills and knowledge in ethical hacking and cybersecurity.

🔑 Key Highlights:

- Mastered advanced techniques in penetration testing and vulnerability assessment.
- Gained hands-on experience with real-world scenarios and tools.
- Enhanced my ability to protect and secure information systems.

A special thank you to **InfosecTrain** & My Trainer **Ashish Rawat**, for his exceptional guidance and support throughout the training. Your expertise and dedication made this learning journey truly enriching.

I am eager to apply these skills to contribute to a safer and more secure digital world. A big thank you to EC-Council for this incredible learning opportunity!

**#CyberSecurity #EthicalHacking #CEHV13 #ECCouncil #ProfessionalDevelopment #LearningJourney**

**EC-Council**

**CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE**

This is to acknowledge that **Devendra Sawande** Has successfully completed a course on **Certified Ethical Hacker v13**

**Manu vardhan** • 2nd  
Analyst, IT Technical Analysis at Dell Technologies  
2w • [+ Follow](#)

Officially a Certified Ethical Hacker (CEH)! 🌟

I'm beyond thrilled to share that I have achieved the globally recognized Certified Ethical Hacker (CEH) certification from **EC-Council** — and I'm proud to announce that I scored 109 out of 125 on the exam! 🎉👏

This milestone reflects my dedication to mastering the skills required to think like a hacker, protect critical systems, and strengthen cybersecurity defenses. From penetration testing to vulnerability analysis, this journey has equipped me with the essential tools to safeguard digital infrastructures. 🛡️💡

I extend my sincere gratitude to **EC-Council**, my mentors **Ashish Dhyani** and **Yogender Jalal**, and everyone who supported me throughout this journey. Their guidance played a pivotal role in helping me achieve this certification. 🙏

This is not just a certification — it's a commitment to contributing to the global mission of making the digital world safer. I'm excited to continue learning, growing, and applying my skills in the field of cybersecurity.



**VIJAY KUMAR MACHINENI** • 2nd  
Cybersecurity Consultant @ LTIMindtree | Vulnerability Management...  
1mo • [+ Follow](#)

Happy to announce that i have achieved CEH v13 AI certification from Ec-council..

Thanks to **Infosec Train** for such wonderful training.

**#Eccouncil. #CEH #Ethicalhacking**

**EC-Council**

**CEH** Certified Ethical Hacker

This is to acknowledge that **Vijay Machineni** has successfully passed the **Certified Ethical Hacker**



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